

Center for Learning & Innovation

DYSRHYTHMIA AND ARRHYTHMIA

The following are important documentation tips and strategies for this disease/condition as required by the specificity needed in ICD-10:

Disorders of the cardiac conduction system require very specific documentation such as:

- Cardiac arrest identify the underlying cause (e.g., trauma, AMI, etc.).
- Paroxysmal tachycardia provide the type (e.g., reentry, supraventricular, ventricular) and underlying cause (e.g., illicit drug use, hyperkalemia, etc.).
- Atrial fibrillation and flutter differentiate if patient has one or both and list the underlying cause (e.g., HTN, hyperthyroidism, alcohol consumption, etc.).
- Atrioventricular and left bundle-branch block specify the type/location (e.g., first, second, third, anterior, posterior, etc.) and underlying cause (e.g., Digoxin, AMI, myocarditis, rheumatic fever, etc.).
- Other conduction disorders indicate the type (e.g., bifascicular, trifascicular, long QT syndrome, etc.) and underlying cause (e.g. hypomagnesemia, Amiodarone, myopericarditis, etc.).
- Other cardiac arrhythmias specify the type (e.g., ventricular fibrillation, ventricular flutter, sick sinus syndrome, PACs, etc.) and underlying cause (e.g., Calan, pulmonary emboli, hypothermia, etc.).

