

Center for Learning & Innovation

CHROMOSOMAL ABNORMALITIES

The following are important documentation tips and strategies for this disease/condition as required by the specificity needed in ICD-10:

- Identify the specific numerical and/or structural abnormality such as:
 - Trisomy 13, 18 & 21 delineate between non-mosaicism, mosaicism, or translocation.
 - Partial trisomies & duplications (e.g., whole chromosome non-mosaicism, marker chromosomes in normal individual, polyploidy, etc.).
 - Monosomies & deletions (e.g., chromosome replaced with ring, Angelman syndrome, etc.).
 - Rearrangements (e.g., chromosome inversion in normal individual, autosomal fragile site, etc.).
 - Sex chromosome abnormalities (e.g., Karyotype 45-X, Karyotype 47-XYY, female with more than 3 X chromosomes, etc.).
- Specify any associated physical condition (e.g., slurred speech, Short stature, spastic gait, etc.) and/or degree of mental retardation (e.g., mild, moderate, severe, etc.).
- List any metabolic disorders (e.g., AAT deficiency, bis albuminemia, lipodystrophy, etc.).
- Detail any associated deletions or duplications due to unbalanced translocations, inversions, and insertions.

